Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A measurement system comprising:

at least one stationary array of sensors at a first location to produce a first array of measurement outputs which are each associated with a sensor in the array;

at least one scanning sensor at a second location to produce a second array of measurement outputs which are all associated with one or more sensors of the scanning sensor; and

means for synthesizing an array of measurement outputs by fusing the first and second arrays of measurement outputs.

- 2. (Original) The measurement system of claim 1, wherein the stationary and scanning measurements are compared and reconciled so that the measurements made by a plurality of sensors are attributed to the same point on material that is being measured.
- 3. (Original) The measurement system of claim 1, wherein the measurements comprise time stamp information, cross direction coordinates, machine direction coordinates, and at least one of machine direction odometer or velocity information.

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- 4. (Original) The measurement system of claim I, wherein the synthetic measurement is provided by computing an offset using a recursive least mean square algorithm.
- 5. (Original) The measurement system of claim 4, wherein the recursive least mean square algorithm is a Kalman filter.
- 6. (Original) The measurement system of claim 5, wherein the Kalman filter output data is used to compensate for different sensor inputs and bias errors.
- 7. (Original) The measurement system of claim 5, wherein the Kalman data is used to compensate for the temporal variations in the biases of an array of stationary sensors.
- 8. (Original) The measurement system of claim 1, wherein data measurements from stationary and scanning sensors are compared by a Kalman filter and an offset compensation for the sensor measurement drift is calculated.
 - 9. (Currently Amended) A method for fusing data measurements obtained from plural locations in a product manufacturing process comprising:

measuring a variable of at least one of the product properties and the process with at least one stationary sensor at a first location in the manufacturing process to produce a first output; measuring the variable of at least one of the product properties and the process with a scanning, non-stationary sensor at a second location in the manufacturing process to produce a second output; and

producing a synthetic measurement by fusing the first and second outputs.

- 10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the stationary and scanning measurements are compared and reconciled so that the measurements made by a plurality of sensors are attributed to the same spot on material that is being measured.
- 11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the measurements comprise time stamp information, cross direction coordinates, machine direction coordinates, and at least one of machine direction odometer or velocity information.
- 12. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the synthetic measurement is provided using an offset computed by a recursive algorithm.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 12, wherein the recursive algorithm is a Kalman filter.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the Kalman filter uses different sensor inputs and computes bias errors.

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- 15. (Original) The method of claim 13, wherein the Kalman filter computes the temporal variations in the biases of an array of stationary sensors.
- 16. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein data measurements from stationary and scanning sensors are compared by a Kalman filter and an offset compensation for the sensor measurement drift is calculated.